

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN  
SOUTHERN DIVISION

RUDDENE MILLER,

Petitioner,

v.

Civil No. 2:10-CV-10237

HONORABLE LAWRENCE P. ZATKOFF

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

NICK LUDWICK,

Respondent,

**OPINION AND ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO LIFT STAY AND REINSTATE THE  
HABEAS PETITION, GRANTING THE MOTION TO AMEND PETITION FOR WRIT  
OF HABEAS CORPUS, AND ORDER DIRECTING RESPONDENT TO FILE AN  
ANSWER AND THE RULE 5 MATERIALS IN THIS CASE.**

On May 26, 2011, this Court entered an opinion and order holding the petition for writ of habeas corpus in abeyance pending the completion of state post-conviction proceedings by petitioner. The Court also administratively closed the case. Petitioner has now filed a motion to lift the stay, to reinstate the case, and to amend the habeas petition.

Federal courts have the power to order that a habeas petition be reinstated upon timely request by a habeas petitioner, following the exhaustion of state court remedies. *See e.g. Rodriguez v. Jones*, 625 F. Supp. 2d 552, 559 (E.D. Mich. 2009). Because petitioner is now alleging that his claims have been exhausted with the state courts, his petition is now ripe for consideration. Accordingly, the Court will order that the original habeas petition be reopened.

The Court will also grant petitioner's motion to amend his habeas petition. The decision to grant or deny a motion to amend a habeas petition is within the discretion of the district court. *Clemmons v. Delo*, 177 F. 3d 680, 686 (8<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1999); *citing to* Fed.R.Civ.P. Rule 15. Notice and substantial prejudice to the opposing party are the critical factors in determining whether an

amendment to a habeas petition should be granted. *Coe v. Bell*, 161 F. 3d 320, 341-342 (6<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1998).

The Court will permit petitioner to amend his petition, because there is no indication that allowing the amendment would cause any delay to this Court nor is there any evidence of bad faith on petitioner's part in bringing the motion to amend or prejudice to respondent if the motion is granted. *See Gillette v. Tansy*, 17 F. 3d 308, 313 (10<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1994). Additionally, because petitioner has filed this motion to amend the petition before the Court has adjudicated the issues in his petition, the motion to amend should be granted. *Stewart v. Angelone*, 186 F.R.D. 342, 343 (E.D. Va. 1999). The Court Orders petitioner to file his amended petition within 30 days of the date of the Court's order.

The Court notes that respondent filed a response to the original petition on July 8, 2010. Therefore, the Court Orders the respondent to file a new or amended response to the amended habeas petition within one hundred and eighty days of the filing of petitioner's amended, if it so desires. If, however, the respondent deems an amended or new response unnecessary, the Court orders the respondent to advise the Court as such within 60 days of the filing of petitioner's amended petition. This Court has the discretion under the rules governing responses in habeas corpus cases to set a deadline for a response to petitioner's habeas petition. *Erwin v. Elo*, 130 F. Supp. 2d 887, 891 (E.D. Mich. 2001); 28 U.S.C. § 2243.

The Court also notes that respondent filed Rule 5 materials with the Court on July 8, 2010; however, to the extent there are any additional Rule 5 materials to be submitted to the Court, the Court orders respondent to provide this Court with such additional Rule 5 materials at the time that it files its answer. The habeas corpus rules require respondents to attach the relevant portions of the

transcripts of the state court proceedings, if available, and the court may also order, on its own motion, or upon the petitioner's request, that further portions of the transcripts be furnished. *Griffin v. Rogers*, 308 F. 3d 647, 653 (6<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2002); Rules Governing § 2254 Cases, Rule 5, 28 U.S.C. foll. § 2254.

Finally, the Court will give petitioner forty-five days from the receipt of the respondent's answer to file a reply brief to the respondent's answer, if he so chooses. Rule 5(e) of the Rules Governing § 2254 Cases, 28 U.S.C. foll. § 2254 states that a habeas petitioner "may submit a reply to the respondent's answer or other pleading within a time fixed by the judge." *See Baysdell v. Howes*, 2005 WL 1838443, \* 4 (E.D. Mich. August 1, 2005).

### **ORDER**

Based on the foregoing, the motion to lift the stay, to reinstate the case, and to file an amended habeas corpus petition [Dkt. # 16] is **GRANTED**.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that petitioner must file his amended habeas corpus petition within **thirty (30) days** of the date of this Order.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that if respondent desires to file an amended response to petitioner's amended petition for habeas corpus, it shall file such answer and produce any state court record not previously produced within **one hundred and eighty (180) days** of the date petitioner files his amended petition or show cause why it is unable to comply with the order.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that if respondent does not desire to file an amended response, it shall so advise the Court and produce any state court record not previously produced within **sixty (60) days** of the date petitioner files his amended petition or show cause why it is unable to comply with the order.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that petitioner shall have **forty-five (45) days** from the date that he receives the respondent's response to file a reply brief.

S/Lawrence P. Zatkoff  
**HON. LAWRENCE P. ZATKOFF**  
**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**

**DATED:** June 11, 2014